CLEAN HARBORS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTION NOTIFICATION FORM LDR-1

Manifest No. _____

THE HAZARDOUS WASTES IDENTIFIED ON THE HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST IDENTIFIED ABOVE AND BEARING THE EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE CODES LISTED BELOW ARE RESTRICTED WASTES WHICH ARE PROHIBITED FROM LAND DISPOSAL WITHOUT FURTHER TREATMENT UNDER THE LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS, 40 CFR PART 268 AND RCRA SECTION 3004(D). IN ACCORDANCE WITH 40 CFR 268.7(a)(2), THE EPA WASTE CODE, WASTE SUBCATEGORY, AND TREATABILITY GROUPS, AS APPLICABLE, ARE INCLUDED BELOW.

INSTRUCTIONS -- COMPLETE ALL SECTIONS. REFER TO PAGE 3 OF THIS FORM FOR KEY TERMS/DEFINITIONS.
Column 1 - Line Item: Enter the manifest line item number (e.g., 11a) that corresponds to the waste code(s).
Column 2 - Waste Codes/Subcategory: Check off all applicable waste codes. For D001 through D043, also check applicable subcategory; for F001 through F005, check applicable constituents.
Column 3 - Wastewater/Non-wastewater: Check off "WW" for wastewater and "Non-WW" for non-wastewaters.
Column 4 - LDR Handling Code: Circle the appropriate handling code, as follows:

1 = The waste is a characteristic hazardous waste D001, D002, D003, D004-D011, or D018-43 which is intended for treatment/disposal in a CWA system, CWA-equivalent system, or Class I SDWA system. Underlying Hazardous Constituents (UHC's) are NOT required to be identified.

1A = The waste is a characteristic hazardous waste D001 High TOC Ignitable Liquids Subcategory (i.e., greater than or equal to 10% TOC). Pursuant to 40 CFR 268.40, the waste must be treated using organic recovery (RORGS) or combustion (CMBST) technology. UHC's are NOT required to be identified.

2 = The waste is a characteristic hazardous waste D001 (other than High TOC Ignitable Liquids), D002, D003 Explosive, Water Reactive or Other Reactive subcategory, D004-D011, D012-17 non-wastewater, or D018-43 which is intended for treatment/disposal in a non-CWA system, non-CWA-equivalent system, or non-Class I SDWA system located in the United States. All UHC's which are reasonably expected to be present must be identified, except for D001 waste that is intended to be treated using organic recovery (RORGS) or combustion (CMBST) technologies. Identify UHC's by completing Sections I and IV of CHI Form LDR-1 Addendum and attach completed Addendum to this form.

3 = The waste is a characteristic (i.e., D-code) or listed (i.e., F-, K-, U-, or P-code) hazardous waste which is intended for export and treatment/disposal at a facility located outside the United States. LDR treatment standards do not apply to hazardous waste treated/disposed in a foreign country, and per USEPA guidance, the identification of UHC's (if applicable) is not required for hazardous waste that is intended to be exported. Note however that if the exported waste is subsequently returned for treatment/disposal in the United States, all applicable LDR regulations would apply and a revised LDR notification would be required.

4 = The waste meets the definition of hazardous debris pursuant to 40 CFR 268.2(h) and is intended for treatment/disposal in compliance with the alternate debris treatment technologies of 40 CFR 268.45. In accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 268.7(a)(2): the contaminants subject to treatment (CSTT's) must be identified as part of this notification. Identify CSTT's by completing Sections III and IV of CHI Form LDR-1 Addendum and attach completed Addendum to this form. These constituents are being treated to comply with 40 CFR 268.45.

5 = The waste is a characteristic waste D003 Reactive Sulfide, Reactive Cyanide, or Unexploded Ordnance subcategory, a characteristic waste D012-17 wastewater, or a listed (i.e., F-, K-, U-, or P-code) hazardous waste. UHC's are NOT required to be identified.

6 = The waste is a lab pack that is intended for incineration using the alternative lab pack treatment standard under 40 CFR 268.42(c). UHC's are NOT required to be identified; however, the generator must complete and attach the lab pack certification statement on CHI Form LDR-LP. Note that in accordance with 40 CFR Part 268 Appendix IV, lab packs which contain waste codes D009, F019, K003, K004, K005, K006, K062, K071, K100, K106, P010, P011, P012, P076, P078, U134, and U151 are not eligible for alternative lab pack treatment standard.

*** **NOTE: IF THE WASTE IS A SOIL CONTAMINATED WITH A LISTED OR CHARACTERISTIC WASTE AND THE GENERATOR WANTS TO USE THE ALTERNATE TREATMENT STANDARD FOR SOILS, CONTACT CORPORATE COMPLIANCE FOR THE APPROPRIATE LDR NOTIFICATION FORM.**

SECTION I. CHARACTERISTIC WASTES D001 THROUGH D043

COLUMN 1: LINE ITEM SEE MANIFEST	COLUMN 2: WASTE CODE / SUBCATEGORY			COLUMN 3: WASTEWATER/ NON-WASTEWATER	COLUMN 4: HANDLING CODE
_____	[ ]	D001	Ignitables, except High TOC subcategory	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ]	D001	High TOC Ignitable Liquids Subcategory (Greater than or equal to 10% TOC)	[ ] Non-WW only	1A 3 6
_____	[ ]	D002	Corrosives	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ]	D003			
		[ ]	Reactive Sulfide, per 261.23(a)(5)	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 3 4 5 6
		[ ]	Reactive Cyanide, per 261.23(a)(5)	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 3 4 5 6
		[ ]	Explosive, per 261.23(a)(6), (7) & (8)	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
		[ ]	Water Reactive, per 261.23(a)(2), (3) & (4)	[ ] Non-WW only	1 2 3 4 6
		[ ]	Other Reactive, per 261.23(a)(1)	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
		[ ]	Unexploded Ordnance, Emergency Response	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 3 4 5 6
_____	[ ]	D004	Arsenic	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ]	D005	Barium	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ]	D006			
		[ ]	Cadmium	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
		[ ]	Cadmium Containing Batteries	[ ] Non-WW only	2 3 6
_____	[ ]	D007	Chromium	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ]	D008			
		[ ]	Lead	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
		[ ]	Lead Acid Batteries	[ ] Non-WW only	2 3 6

CLEAN HARBORS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
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Manifest No. _____

SECTION I. CHARACTERISTIC WASTES D001-43 (CONTINUED)

COLUMN 1: LINE ITEM SEE MANIFEST	COLUMN 2: WASTE CODE / NAME	COLUMN 3: WASTEWATER/ NON-WASTEWATER	COLUMN 4: HANDLING CODE
_____	[ ] D009	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4
	[ ] Low Mercury, less than 260 mg/kg Mercury	[ ] Non-WW only	2 3 4
	[ ] High Mercury Organic Subcategory	[ ] Non-WW only	2 3 4
	[ ] High Mercury Inorganic Subcategory		
_____	[ ] D010 Selenium	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D011 Silver	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D012 Endrin	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	2 3 4 5 6
_____	[ ] D013 Lindane	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	2 3 4 5 6
_____	[ ] D014 Methoxychlor	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	2 3 4 5 6
_____	[ ] D015 Toxaphene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	2 3 4 5 6
_____	[ ] D016 2,4-D	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	2 3 4 5 6
_____	[ ] D017 2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	2 3 4 5 6
_____	[ ] D018 Benzene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D019 Carbon tetrachloride	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D020 Chlordane	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D021 Chlorobenzene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D022 Chloroform	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D023 o-Cresol	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D024 m-Cresol	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D025 p-Cresol	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D026 Cresol	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D027 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D028 1,2-Dichloroethane	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D029 1,1-Dichloroethylene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D030 2,4-Dinitrotoluene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D031 Heptachlor (and its epoxide)	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D032 Hexachlorobenzene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D033 Hexachlorobutadiene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D034 Hexachloroethane	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D035 Methyl ethyl ketone	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D036 Nitrobenzene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D037 Pentachlorophenol	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D038 Pyridine	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D039 Tetrachloroethylene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D040 Trichloroethylene	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D041 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D042 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6
_____	[ ] D043 Vinyl Chloride	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 6

SECTION II. SPENT SOLVENT WASTES F001 THROUGH F005

COLUMN 1: LINE ITEM SEE MANIFEST	COLUMN 2: WASTE CODE / CONSTITUENTS	COLUMN 3: WASTEWATER/ NON-WASTEWATER	COLUMN 4: HANDLING CODE
_____	[ ] F001 [ ] F002 [ ] F003 [ ] F004 [ ] F005	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	3 4 5 6

_____ [ ] 1. ALL F001-F005
_____ [ ] 2. Acetone
_____ [ ] 3. Benzene
_____ [ ] 4. n-Butyl alcohol
_____ [ ] 5. Carbon disulfide
_____ [ ] 6. Carbon tetrachloride
_____ [ ] 7. Chlorobenzene
_____ [ ] 8. o-Cresol
_____ [ ] 9. m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)
_____ [ ] 10. p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)
_____ [ ] 11. Cresol - mixed isomers (sum of o-, m- and p-cresol)
_____ [ ] 12. Cyclohexanone
_____ [ ] 13. o-Dichlorobenzene
_____ [ ] 14. 2-Ethoxyethanol (F005 only)
_____ [ ] 15. Ethyl acetate
_____ [ ] 16. Ethyl benzene
_____ [ ] 17. Ethyl ether
_____ [ ] 18. Isobutyl alcohol
_____ [ ] 19. Methanol
_____ [ ] 20. Methylene chloride
_____ [ ] 21. Methyl ethyl ketone
_____ [ ] 22. Methyl isobutyl ketone
_____ [ ] 23. Nitrobenzene
_____ [ ] 24. 2-Nitropropane (F005 only)
_____ [ ] 25. Pyridine
_____ [ ] 26. Tetrachloroethylene
_____ [ ] 27. Toluene
_____ [ ] 28. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
_____ [ ] 29. 1,1,2-Trichloroethane
_____ [ ] 30. Trichloroethylene
_____ [ ] 31. 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethar
_____ [ ] 32. Trichloromonofluoro methane
_____ [ ] 33. Xylene - mixed isoc (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene)

CLEAN HARBORS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
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SECTION III. CALIFORNIA LIST WASTES

COLUMN 1: LINE ITEM SEE MANIFEST	COLUMN 2: WASTE CODE / SUBCATEGORY	COLUMN 3: WASTEWATER/ NON-WASTEWATER	COLUMN 4: HANDLING CODE
_____	Hazardous waste containing one or more of the following California List constituents:	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	1 2 3 4 5 6

[ ] ALL CALIFORNIA LIST CONSTITUENTS
[ ] Liquids with nickel greater than or equal to 134 mg/l
[ ] Liquids with thallium greater than or equal to 130 mg/l
[ ] Liquids with PCB's > or = 50 ppm
[ ] Waste containing HOC's > or = 1,000 mg/kg

SECTION IV. OTHER LISTED WASTES (F006-12, F019-F028, F037-38, F039, K-, U-, AND P-CODES)

COLUMN 1: LINE ITEM SEE MANIFEST	COLUMN 2: WASTE CODE / SUBCATEGORY	COLUMN 3: WASTEWATER/ NON-WASTEWATER	COLUMN 4: HANDLING CODE
_____	_____	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	3 4 5 6
_____	_____	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	3 4 5 6
_____	_____	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	3 4 5 6
_____	_____	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	3 4 5 6
_____	_____	[ ] WW [ ] Non-WW	3 4 5 6

[ ] CHECK HERE IF ADDITIONAL LISTED WASTE CODES ARE PRESENT. COMPLETE AND ATTACH LDR-1 CONTINUATION SHEET.
[ ] CHECK HERE IF WASTE CODE F039 (MULTISOURCE LEACHATE) IS PRESENT. IDENTIFY F039 CONSTITUENTS BY COMPLETING SECTIONS II AND IV OF CHI FORM LDR-1 ADDENDUM AND ATTACH COMPLETED ADDENDUM TO THIS FORM.

SECTION V. CONTACT NAME AND DATE

Print Name: _____ Date: _____

KEY TERMS/DEFINITIONS

CLASS I SDWA SYSTEM means a Class I deep well facility regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA).

CWA SYSTEM means a centralized wastewater treatment facility discharging under a Clean Water Act (CWA) permit. For example, a CWA facility would treat organic or inorganic aqueous wastes and discharge the treated effluent to the local sewer system. Examples of CWA treatment systems owned and operated by Clean Harbors include the wastewater treatment operations at Baltimore (including the CES system), Bristol, Chicago, Cincinnati and Cleveland.

CWA-EQUIVALENT SYSTEM means a "zero discharge system" that engages in "CWA-equivalent" treatment before land disposal. Zero-discharge facilities treat hazardous wastes using "CWA-equivalent" treatment methods, but do not discharge the treatment effluent to a sewer or water body (e.g., spray irrigation land farm). "CWA-equivalent" treatment methods means biological treatment for organics, alkaline chlorination, or ferrous sulfate precipitation for cyanide, precipitation/ sedimentation for metals, reduction of hexavalent chromium, or other treatment technology that can be demonstrated to perform equally or greater than these technologies.

HIGH TOC IGNITABLE LIQUIDS SUBCATEGORY means an ignitable liquid hazardous waste (waste code D001) which contains greater than or equal to 10% total organic carbon (TOC). Pursuant to 40 CFR 268.40, such wastes must be treated using organic recovery (RORGS) or combustion (CMBST) technology. Examples of RORGS technologies include the CES unit at Clean Harbors of Baltimore. Examples of CMBST technologies include hazardous waste fuel blending and subsequent reuse at a cement kiln, or destruction at a RCRA incinerator.

WASTEWATERS are wastes that contain less than 1% by weight total organic carbon (TOC) and less than 1% by weight total suspended solids (TSS). [See 40 CFR 268.2(f)]

CLEAN HARBORS ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
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SECTION I. UNDERLYING HAZARDOUS CONSTITUENTS (UHC'S)

[ ] Check here if one or more of the constituents listed in Section IV below are reasonably expected to be present as an "Underlying Hazardous Constituent" in the waste. Then in Section IV, check off each constituent. Note that per the definition of UHC in 40 CFR 268.2, fluoride, selenium, sulfides, vanadium and zinc are NOT regulated as UHC's.

[ ] Check here if NONE of the UHC constituents listed in Section IV are expected to be present in the waste.

SECTION II. MULTI-SOURCE LEACHATE (WASTE CODE F039)

[ ] Check here if one or more of the constituents listed in Section IV are present as a constituent in the multi-source leachate (F039) waste. Then in Section IV below, check off each constituent. Note that constituents which are identified by an asterisk (*) are NOT regulated as F039 constituents.

[ ] Check here if NONE of the F039 constituents listed in Section IV are present in the waste.

SECTION III. HAZARDOUS DEBRIS CONTAMINANTS SUBJECT TO TREATMENT (CSTT)

[ ] Check here if one or more of the constituents listed in Section IV is a CSTT for hazardous debris that is intended for treatment using the alternate treatment technologies in 40 CFR 268.45. To identify CSTT's, refer to the "Regulated Hazardous Constituent" column in the Treatment Standard Table in 40 CFR 268.40. Then, in Section IV below, check off the constituents that appear for each waste code used to identify the debris.

[ ] Check here if the entry in the "Regulated Hazardous Constituent" column in the Treatment Standard Table in 40 CFR 268.40 is "Not Applicable" , i.e. D001, D002, and D003 (non-cyanides subcategories only).

SECTION IV. LIST OF CONSTITUENTS - INCLUDE MANIFEST LINE ITEM

34. _____ [ ] Acenaphthylene
35. _____ [ ] Acenaphthene
36. _____ [ ] Acetone
37. _____ [ ] Acetonitrile
38. _____ [ ] Acetophenone
39. _____ [ ] 2-Acetylaminofluorene
40. _____ [ ] Acrolein
41. _____ [ ] Acrylamide (*)
42. _____ [ ] Acrylonitrile
251. _____ [ ] Aldicarb sulfone (*)
43. _____ [ ] Aldrin
44. _____ [ ] 4-Aminobiphenyl
45. _____ [ ] Aniline
46. _____ [ ] Anthracene
47. _____ [ ] Antimony
48. _____ [ ] Aramite
49. _____ [ ] Arsenic
50. _____ [ ] alpha-BHC
51. _____ [ ] beta-BHC
52. _____ [ ] delta-BHC
53. _____ [ ] gamma-BHC
252. _____ [ ] Barban (*)
54. _____ [ ] Barium
253. _____ [ ] Bendiocarb (*)
255. _____ [ ] Benomyl (*)
55. _____ [ ] Benzene
56. _____ [ ] Benz(a)anthracene
57. _____ [ ] Benzal chloride (*)
58. _____ [ ] Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from Benzo(k)fluoranthene)
59. _____ [ ] Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult to distinguish from Benzo(b)fluoranthene)
60. _____ [ ] Benzo(g,h,i)perylene
61. _____ [ ] Benzo(a)pyrene
62. _____ [ ] Berylium
63. _____ [ ] Bromodichloromethane
64. _____ [ ] Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)
65. _____ [ ] 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether
66. _____ [ ] n-Butyl alcohol
256. _____ [ ] Butylate (*)
67. _____ [ ] Butyl benzyl phthalate
68. _____ [ ] 2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol (Dinoseb)
69. _____ [ ] Cadmium
257. _____ [ ] Carbaryl (*)
258. _____ [ ] Carbendazim (*)
259. _____ [ ] Carbofuran (*)
260. _____ [ ] Carbofuran phenol (*)
70. _____ [ ] Carbon disulfide
71. _____ [ ] Carbon tetrachloride
261. _____ [ ] Carbosulfan (*)
72. _____ [ ] Chlordane (alpha and gamma isomers)
73. _____ [ ] p-Chloroaniline
74. _____ [ ] Chlorobenzene
75. _____ [ ] Chlorobenzilate
76. _____ [ ] 2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene
77. _____ [ ] Chlorodibromomethane
78. _____ [ ] Chloroethane
79. _____ [ ] bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane
80. _____ [ ] bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether
81. _____ [ ] Chloroform
82. _____ [ ] bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether
83. _____ [ ] p-Chloro-m-cresol
84. _____ [ ] 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether (*)
85. _____ [ ] Chloromethane (Methyl Chloride)
86. _____ [ ] 2-Chloronaphthalene
87. _____ [ ] 2-Chlorophenol
88. _____ [ ] 3-Chloropropylene
89. _____ [ ] Chromium (Total)
90. _____ [ ] Chrysene
91. _____ [ ] o-Cresol
92. _____ [ ] m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-Cresol)
93. _____ [ ] p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from o-Cresol)
262. _____ [ ] m-Cumenyl methylcarbamate (*)
94. _____ [ ] Cyanides (Total)
95. _____ [ ] Cyanides (Amenable)
263. _____ [ ] Cycloate (*)
96. _____ [ ] Cyclohexanone
97. _____ [ ] 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane
98. _____ [ ] 1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene dibromi
99. _____ [ ] Dibromomethane
100. _____ [ ] 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4
101. _____ [ ] o,p'-DDD
102. _____ [ ] p,p'-DDD
103. _____ [ ] o,p'-DDE
104. _____ [ ] p,p'-DDE
105. _____ [ ] o,p'-DDT
106. _____ [ ] p,p'-DDT
107. _____ [ ] Dibenz(a,h)anthracene
108. _____ [ ] Dibenzo(a,e)pyrene
109. _____ [ ] m-Dichlorobenzene
110. _____ [ ] o-Dichlorobenzene
111. _____ [ ] p-Dichlorobenzene
112. _____ [ ] Dichlorodifluoromethane
113. _____ [ ] 1,1-Dichloroethane
114. _____ [ ] 1,2-Dichloroethane
115. _____ [ ] 1,1-Dichloroethylene
116. _____ [ ] trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene
117. _____ [ ] 2,4-Dichlorophenol
118. _____ [ ] 2,6-Dichlorophenol
119. _____ [ ] 1,2-Dichloropropane
120. _____ [ ] cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene
121. _____ [ ] trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene

122. _____ [ ] Dieldrin
123. _____ [ ] Diethyl phthalate
124. _____ [ ] 2,4-Dimethyl phenol
125. _____ [ ] Dimethyl phthalate
126. _____ [ ] Di-n-butyl phthalate
127. _____ [ ] 1,4-Dinitrobenzene
128. _____ [ ] 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol
129. _____ [ ] 2,4-Dinitrophenol
130. _____ [ ] 2,4-Dinitrotoluene
131. _____ [ ] 2,6-Dinitrotoluene
132. _____ [ ] Di-n-octyl phthalate
133. _____ [ ] p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene (*)
134. _____ [ ] Di-n-propylnitrosoamine
135. _____ [ ] 1,4-Dioxane (*)
136. _____ [ ] Diphenylamine (difficult to distinguish from diphenylnitrosamine)
137. _____ [ ] Diphenylnitrosamine (difficult to distinguish from diphenylamine)
138. _____ [ ] 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine
139. _____ [ ] Disulfoton
266. _____ [ ] Dithiocarbamates (Total) (*)
140. _____ [ ] Endosulfan I
141. _____ [ ] Endosulfan II
142. _____ [ ] Endosulfan sulfate
143. _____ [ ] Endrin
144. _____ [ ] Endrin aldehyde
267. _____ [ ] EPTC (*)
145. _____ [ ] Ethyl acetate
146. _____ [ ] Ethyl cyanide (propanenitrile)
147. _____ [ ] Ethyl benzene
148. _____ [ ] Ethyl ether
149. _____ [ ] bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate
150. _____ [ ] Ethyl methacrylate
151. _____ [ ] Ethylene oxide
152. _____ [ ] Famphur
153. _____ [ ] Fluoranthene
154. _____ [ ] Fluorene
155. _____ [ ] Fluoride
268. _____ [ ] Formetanate hydrochloride (*)
156. _____ [ ] Heptachlor
157. _____ [ ] Heptachlor epoxide
158. _____ [ ] Hexachlorobenzene
159. _____ [ ] Hexachlorobutadiene
160. _____ [ ] Hexachlorocylopentadiene
161. _____ [ ] HxCDDs (All hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)
162. _____ [ ] HxCDFs (All hexachlorodibenzo-furans)
163. _____ [ ] Hexachloroethane
164. _____ [ ] Hexachloropropylene
165. _____ [ ] Indeno (1,2,3-c,d)pyrene
270. _____ [ ] 3-Iodo-2-propynyl n-butylcarbamate (*)
166. _____ [ ] Iodomethane
167. _____ [ ] Isobutyl alcohol
168. _____ [ ] Isodrin
169. _____ [ ] Isosafrole
170. _____ [ ] Kepone
171. _____ [ ] Lead
172. _____ [ ] Mercury--Nonwastewater from Retort
173. _____ [ ] Mercury--All others
174. _____ [ ] Methacrylonitrile
175. _____ [ ] Methanol
176. _____ [ ] Methapyrilene
272. _____ [ ] Methiocarb (*)
273. _____ [ ] Methomyl (*)
177. _____ [ ] Methoxychlor
178. _____ [ ] 3-Methylcholanthrene
179. _____ [ ] 4,4-Methylene-bis(2-chloroaniline)
180. _____ [ ] Methylene chloride
181. _____ [ ] Methyl ethyl ketone
182. _____ [ ] Methyl isobutyl ketone
183. _____ [ ] Methyl methacrylate
184. _____ [ ] Methyl methansulfonate
185. _____ [ ] Methyl parathion
274. _____ [ ] Metolcarb (*)
275. _____ [ ] Mexacarbate (*)
276. _____ [ ] Molinate (*)
186. _____ [ ] Naphthalene
187. _____ [ ] 2-Naphthylamine
188. _____ [ ] Nickel
189. _____ [ ] o-Nitroaniline (*)
190. _____ [ ] p-Nitroaniline
191. _____ [ ] Nitrobenzene
192. _____ [ ] 5-Nitro-o-toluidine
193. _____ [ ] o-Nitrophenol (*)
194. _____ [ ] p-Nitrophenol
195. _____ [ ] N-Nitrosodiethylamine
196. _____ [ ] N-Nitrosodimethylamine
197. _____ [ ] N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine
198. _____ [ ] N-Nitrosomethylethylamine
199. _____ [ ] N-Nitrosomorpholine
200. _____ [ ] N-Nitrosopiperidine
201. _____ [ ] N-Nitrosopyrrolidine
277. _____ [ ] Oxamyl (*)
202. _____ [ ] Parathion
203. _____ [ ] Total PCBs (sum of all PCB isomers, or all Arochlors)
278. _____ [ ] Pebulate (*)
204. _____ [ ] Pentachlorobenzene
205. _____ [ ] PeCDDs (All pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)
206. _____ [ ] PeCDFs (All pentachlorodibenzofurans
207. _____ [ ] Pentachloroethane (*)
208. _____ [ ] Pentachloronitrobenzene
209. _____ [ ] Pentachlorophenol
210. _____ [ ] Phenacetin
211. _____ [ ] Phenanthrene
212. _____ [ ] Phenol
213. _____ [ ] Phorate
214. _____ [ ] Phthalic acid (*)
215. _____ [ ] Phthalic anhydride
280. _____ [ ] Physostigmine (*)
281. _____ [ ] Physostigmine salicylate (*)
282. _____ [ ] Promecarb (*)
216. _____ [ ] Pronamide
283. _____ [ ] Propham (*)
284. _____ [ ] Propoxur (*)
285. _____ [ ] Prosulfocarb (*)
217. _____ [ ] Pyrene
218. _____ [ ] Pyridine
219. _____ [ ] Safrole
220. _____ [ ] Selenium
221. _____ [ ] Silver
222. _____ [ ] Silvex (2,4,5-TP)
223. _____ [ ] Sulfide
224. _____ [ ] 2,4,5-T (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacet acid)
225. _____ [ ] 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene
226. _____ [ ] TCDDs (All tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)
227. _____ [ ] TCDFs (All tetrachlorodibenzofuran
228. _____ [ ] 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
229. _____ [ ] 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
230. _____ [ ] Tetrachloroethylene
231. _____ [ ] 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol
232. _____ [ ] Thallium
286. _____ [ ] Thiodicarb (*)
287. _____ [ ] Thiophanate-methyl (*)
233. _____ [ ] Toluene
234. _____ [ ] Toxaphene
289. _____ [ ] Triallate (*)
235. _____ [ ] Tribromomethane (Bromoform)

236. _____ [ ] 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
237. _____ [ ] 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
238. _____ [ ] 1,1,2-Trichloroethane
239. _____ [ ] Trichloroethylene
240. _____ [ ] Trichloromonofluoromethane
241. _____ [ ] 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol
242. _____ [ ] 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol
243. _____ [ ] 1,2,3-Trichloropropane
244. _____ [ ] 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethar
290. _____ [ ] Triethylamine (*)
245. _____ [ ] tris-(2,3-Dibromopropyl)phosphate
246. _____ [ ] Vanadium (*)
291. _____ [ ] Vernolate (*)
247. _____ [ ] Vinyl chloride
248. _____ [ ] Xylenes--mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)
249. _____ [ ] Zinc (*)

KEY TERMS/DEFINITIONS

CONTAMINANTS SUBJECT TO TREATMENT (CSTT) are the specific constituents listed by waste code number in the Treatment Standard Table in §268.40. CSTT's must be identified for all hazardous debris wastes that are intended for treatment using one of the hazardous debris alternate treatment technologies described in §268.45.

REASONABLY EXPECTED TO BE PRESENT means that the generator is relying on knowledge of the raw materials used, the process, and potential reaction products, or on the results of a one-time analysis for the entire list of UHC's that may be present in the untreated hazardous waste. If a one-time analysis of the entire list of UHC's is conducted, subsequent analyses are required for only those pollutants which would reasonably be expected to be present in the waste as generated, based on the previous sampling and analysis results.

UNDERLYING HAZARDOUS CONSTITUENT (UHC) means any constituent listed in §268.48 Table UTS - Universal Treatment Standards (except fluoride, selenium, sulfides, vanadium and zinc) which can reasonably be expected to be present at the point of generation of the hazardous waste, at a concentration above the constituent-specific UTS treatment standard. [See 40 CFR 268.2]